

IV. ИНТЕГРАЛЫ

Теоретические вопросы

1. Понятие первообразной функции. Теоремы о первообразных.
2. Неопределенный интеграл, его свойства.
3. Таблица неопределенных интегралов.
4. Замена переменной и интегрирование по частям в неопределенном интеграле.
5. Разложение дробной рациональной функции на простейшие дроби.
6. Интегрирование простейших дробей. Интегрирование рациональных функций.
7. Интегрирование выражений, содержащих тригонометрические функции.
8. Интегрирование иррациональных выражений.
9. Понятие определенного интеграла, его геометрический смысл.
10. Основные свойства определенного интеграла.
11. Теорема о среднем.
12. Производная определенного интеграла по верхнему пределу. Формула Ньютона – Лейбница.
13. Замена переменной и интегрирование по частям в определенном интеграле.
14. Интегрирование биномиальных дифференциалов.
15. Вычисление площадей плоских фигур.
16. Определение и вычисление длины кривой, дифференциал длины дуги кривой.

Теоретические упражнения

1. Считая, что функция $\frac{\sin x}{x}$ равна 1 при $x = 0$, доказать, что она интегрируема на отрезке $[0, 1]$.

2. Какой из интегралов больше:

$$\int_0^1 \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 dx \text{ или } \int_0^1 \frac{\sin x}{x} dx ?$$

3. Пусть $f(t)$ – непрерывная функция, а функции $\varphi(x)$ и $\psi(x)$ дифференцируемые. Доказать, что

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\varphi(x)}^{\psi(x)} f(t) dt = f[\psi(x)]\psi'(x) - f[\varphi(x)]\varphi'(x).$$

4. Найти $\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\sqrt{x}}^{x^2} e^{t^2} dt$.

5. Найти точки экстремума функции

$$f(x) = \int_0^x (t-1)(t-2)e^{-t^2} dt.$$

6. Пусть $f(x)$ – непрерывная периодическая функция с периодом T . Доказать, что

$$\int_a^{a+T} f(x) dx = \int_0^T f(x) dx \quad \forall a.$$

7. Доказать, что если $f(x)$ – четная функция, то

$$\int_{-a}^0 f(x) dx = \int_0^{+a} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-a}^{+a} f(x) dx.$$

8. Доказать, что для нечетной функции $f(x)$ справедливы равенства

$$\int_{-a}^0 f(x) dx = - \int_0^{+a} f(x) dx \quad \text{и} \quad \int_{-a}^a f(x) dx = 0.$$

Чему равен интеграл $\int_{-1}^{+1} \sin^2 x \ln \frac{2+x}{2-x} dx$?

9. При каком условии, связывающем коэффициенты a , b , c интеграл

$\int \frac{ax^2 + bx + c}{x^3(x-1)^2} dx$ является рациональной функцией?

10. При каких целых значениях n интеграл $\int \sqrt{1+x^4} dx$ выражается элементарными функциями.

Расчетные задания

Задача 1. Вычислить неопределенные интегралы.

1.1. $\int (4 - 3x)e^{-3x} dx.$

1.2. $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{4x - 1} dx.$

1.3. $\int (3x + 4)e^{3x} dx.$

1.4. $\int (4x - 2) \cos 2x dx.$

1.5. $\int (4 - 16x) \sin 4x dx.$

1.6. $\int (5x - 2)e^{3x} dx.$

1.7. $\int (1 - 6x)e^{2x} dx.$

1.8. $\int \ln(x^2 + 4) dx.$

1.9. $\int \ln(4x^2 + 1) dx.$

1.10. $\int (2 - 4x) \sin 2x dx.$

1.11. $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{6x - 1} dx.$

1.12. $\int e^{-2x} (4x - 3) dx.$

1.13. $\int e^{-3x} (2 - 9x) dx.$

1.14. $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{2x - 1} dx.$

1.15. $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{3x - 1} dx.$

1.16. $\int \operatorname{arctg} \sqrt{5x - 1} dx.$

1.17. $\int (5x + 6) \cos 2x dx.$

1.18. $\int (3x - 2) \cos 5x dx.$

1.19. $\int (x\sqrt{2} - 3) \cos 2x dx.$

1.20. $\int (4x + 7) \cos 3x dx.$

1.21. $\int (2x - 5) \cos 4x dx.$

1.22. $\int (8 - 3x) \cos 5x dx.$

1.23. $\int (x + 5) \sin 3x dx.$

1.24. $\int (2 - 3x) \sin 2x dx.$

1.25. $\int (4x + 3) \sin 5x dx.$

1.26. $\int (7x - 10) \sin 4x dx.$

1.27. $\int (\sqrt{2} - 8x) \sin 3x dx.$

1.28. $\int \frac{xdx}{\cos^2 x}.$

1.29. $\int \frac{xdx}{\sin^2 x}.$

1.30. $\int x \sin^2 x dx.$

$$1.31. \int \frac{x \cos x dx}{\sin^3 x}.$$

Задача 2. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

$$2.1. \int_{-2}^0 (x^2 + 5x + 6) \cos 2x dx.$$

$$2.2. \int_{-2}^0 (x^2 - 4) \cos 3x dx.$$

$$2.3. \int_{-1}^0 (x^2 + 4x + 3) \cos x dx.$$

$$2.4. \int_{-2}^0 (x + 2)^2 \cos 3x dx.$$

$$2.5. \int_{-4}^0 (x^2 + 7x + 12) \cos x dx.$$

$$2.6. \int_0^{\pi} (2x^2 + 4x + 7) \cos 2x dx.$$

$$2.7. \int_0^{\pi} (9x^2 + 9x + 11) \cos 3x dx.$$

$$2.8. \int_0^{\pi} (8x^2 + 16x + 17) \cos 4x dx.$$

$$2.9. \int_0^{2\pi} (3x^2 + 5) \cos 2x dx.$$

$$2.10. \int_0^{2\pi} (2x^2 - 15) \cos 3x dx.$$

$$2.11. \int_0^{2\pi} (3 - 7x^2) \cos 2x dx.$$

$$2.12. \int_0^{2\pi} (1 - 8x^2) \cos 4x dx.$$

$$2.13. \int_{-1}^0 (x^2 + 2x + 1) \sin 3x dx.$$

$$2.14. \int_0^3 (x^2 - 3x) \sin 2x dx.$$

$$2.15. \int_0^{\pi} (x^2 - 3x + 2) \sin x dx.$$

$$2.16. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (x^2 - 5x + 6) \sin 3x dx.$$

$$2.17. \int_{\frac{\pi}{3}}^0 (x^2 + 6x + 9) \sin 2x dx.$$

$$2.18. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} (x^2 + 17,5) \sin 2x dx.$$

$$2.19. \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (1 - 5x^2) \sin x dx.$$

$$2.20. \int_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^3 (3x - x^2) \sin 2x dx.$$

$$2.21. \int_1^2 x \ln^2 x dx.$$

$$2.23. \int_1^8 \frac{\ln^2 x dx}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}}.$$

$$2.25. \int_2^3 (x-1)^3 \ln^2(x-1) dx.$$

$$2.27. \int_0^2 (x+1)^2 \ln^2(x+1) dx.$$

$$2.29. \int_{-1}^1 x^2 e^{\frac{x}{2}} dx.$$

$$2.31. \int_{-2}^0 (x^2 + 2) e^{\frac{x}{2}} dx.$$

$$2.22. \int_1^{e^2} \frac{\ln^2 x dx}{\sqrt{x}}.$$

$$2.24. \int_0^1 (x+1) \ln^2(x+1) dx.$$

$$2.26. \int_{-1}^0 (x+2)^3 \ln^2(x+2) dx.$$

$$2.28. \int_1^e \sqrt{x} \ln^2 x dx.$$

$$2.30. \int_0^1 x^2 e^{3x} dx.$$

Задача 3. Найти неопределенные интегралы.

$$3.1. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2+1}}.$$

$$3.3. \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}.$$

$$3.5. \int \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{x^4+x^2+1}}.$$

$$3.7. \int \operatorname{tg} x \ln \cos x dx.$$

$$3.9. \int \frac{x^3}{(x^2+1)^2} dx.$$

$$3.11. \int \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{(\cos x + \sin x)^5} dx.$$

$$3.2. \int \frac{1 + \ln x}{x} dx.$$

$$3.4. \int \frac{x^2 + \ln x^2}{x} dx.$$

$$3.6. \int \frac{(\arccos x)^3 - 1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx.$$

$$3.8. \int \frac{\operatorname{tg}(x+1)}{\cos^2(x+1)} dx.$$

$$3.10. \int \frac{1 - \cos x}{(x - \sin x)^3} dx.$$

$$3.12. \int \frac{x \cos x + \sin x}{(x \sin x)^2} dx.$$

3.13. $\int \frac{x^3 + x}{x^4 + 1} dx.$

3.14. $\int \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{x^4 - x^2 - 1}}.$

3.15. $\int \frac{xdx}{\sqrt[3]{x-1}}.$

3.16. $\int \frac{1 + \ln(x-1)}{x-1} dx.$

3.17. $\int \frac{(x^2 + 1) dx}{(x^3 + 3x + 1)^5}.$

3.18. $\int \frac{4 \operatorname{arctg} x - x}{1 + x^2} dx.$

3.19. $\int \frac{x^3}{x^2 + 4} dx.$

3.20. $\int \frac{x + \cos x}{x^2 + 2 \sin x} dx.$

3.21. $\int \frac{2 \cos x + 3 \sin x}{(2 \sin x - 3 \cos x)^3} dx.$

3.22. $\int \frac{8x - \operatorname{arctg} 2x}{1 + 4x^2} dx.$

3.23. $\int \frac{1/(2\sqrt{x}) + 1}{(\sqrt{x+x})^2} dx.$

3.24. $\int \frac{x}{x^4 + 1} dx.$

3.25. $\int \frac{x + 1/x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx.$

3.26. $\int \frac{x - 1/x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx.$

3.27. $\int \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x + x}{1 + x^2} dx.$

3.28. $\int \frac{x - (\operatorname{arctg} x)^4}{1 + x^2} dx.$

3.29. $\int \frac{x^3}{x^2 + 1} dx.$

3.30. $\int \frac{(\arcsin x)^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx.$

3.31. $\int \frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}(x+1)} dx.$

Задача 4. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

4.1. $\int_{e+1}^{e+1} \frac{1 + \ln(x-1)}{x-1} dx.$

4.2. $\int_0^1 \frac{(x^2 + 1) dx}{(x^3 + 3x + 1)^2}.$

4.3. $\int_0^1 \frac{4 \operatorname{arctg} x - x}{1 + x^2} dx.$

4.4. $\int_0^2 \frac{x^3 dx}{x^2 + 4}.$

$$4.5. \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{x + \cos x}{x^2 + 2 \sin x} dx.$$

$$4.6. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{2 \cos x + 3 \sin x}{(2 \sin x - 3 \cos x)^3} dx.$$

$$4.7. \int_0^{1/2} \frac{8x - \operatorname{arctg} 2x}{1 + 4x^2} dx.$$

$$4.8. \int_1^4 \frac{1/(2\sqrt{x}) + 1}{(\sqrt{x} + x)^2} dx.$$

$$4.9. \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{x^4 + 1}.$$

$$4.10. \int_{\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{8}} \frac{x + 1/x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx.$$

$$4.11. \int_{\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{8}} \frac{x - 1/x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} dx.$$

$$4.12. \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{\operatorname{arctg} x + x}{1 + x^2} dx.$$

$$4.13. \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{x - (\operatorname{arctg} x)^4}{1 + x^2} dx.$$

$$4.14. \int_0^1 \frac{x^3}{x^2 + 1} dx.$$

$$4.15. \int_0^{\sin 1} \frac{(\arcsin x)^2 + 1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx.$$

$$4.16. \int_1^2 \frac{1 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}(x + 1)} dx.$$

$$4.17. \int_{\sqrt{3}}^{\sqrt{8}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}.$$

$$4.18. \int_1^e \frac{1 + \ln x}{x} dx.$$

$$4.19. \int_{\sqrt{2}}^2 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}.$$

$$4.20. \int_1^e \frac{x^2 + \ln x^2}{x} dx.$$

$$4.21. \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{x^4 + x^2 + 1}}.$$

$$4.22. \int_0^1 \frac{x^3 dx}{(x^2 + 1)^2}.$$

$$4.23. \int_0^{\pi/4} \operatorname{tg} x \ln \cos x dx.$$

$$4.24. \int_{-1}^0 \frac{\operatorname{tg}(x + 1)}{\cos^2(x + 1)} dx.$$

$$4.25. \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \frac{(\arccos x)^3 - 1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} dx.$$

$$4.26. \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{1 - \cos x}{(x - \sin x)^2} dx.$$

$$4.27. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{(\cos x + \sin x)^5} dx.$$

$$4.28. \int_{\pi/4}^{\pi/2} \frac{x \cos x + \sin x}{(x \sin x)^2} dx.$$

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$$4.29. \int_0^1 \frac{x^3 + x}{x^4 + 1} dx.$$

$$4.30. \int_{\sqrt{2}}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{x^4 - x^2 - 1}}.$$

$$4.31. \int_2^9 \frac{xdx}{\sqrt[3]{x-1}}.$$

Задача 5. Найти неопределенные интегралы.

$$5.1. \int \frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2 - x} dx.$$

$$5.2. \int \frac{3x^3 + 1}{x^2 - 1} dx.$$

$$5.3. \int \frac{x^3 - 17}{x^2 - 4x + 3} dx.$$

$$5.4. \int \frac{2x^3 + 5}{x^2 - x - 2} dx.$$

$$5.5. \int \frac{2x^3 - 1}{x^2 + x - 6} dx.$$

$$5.6. \int \frac{3x^3 + 25}{x^2 + 3x + 2} dx.$$

$$5.7. \int \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + 3}{(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)} dx.$$

$$5.8. \int \frac{3x^3 + 2x^2 + 1}{(x+2)(x-2)(x-1)} dx.$$

$$5.9. \int \frac{x^3}{(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)} dx.$$

$$5.10. \int \frac{x^3 - 3x^2 - 12}{(x-4)(x-3)(x-2)} dx.$$

$$5.11. \int \frac{x^3 - 3x^2 - 12}{(x-4)(x-3)x} dx.$$

$$5.12. \int \frac{4x^3 + x^2 + 2}{x(x-1)(x-2)} dx.$$

$$5.13. \int \frac{3x^3 - 2}{x^3 - x} dx.$$

$$5.14. \int \frac{x^3 - 3x^2 - 12}{(x-4)(x-2)x} dx.$$

$$5.15. \int \frac{x^5 - x^3 + 1}{x^2 - x} dx.$$

$$5.16. \int \frac{x^5 + 3x^3 - 1}{x^2 + x} dx.$$

$$5.17. \int \frac{2x^5 - 8x^3 + 3}{x^2 - 2x} dx.$$

$$5.18. \int \frac{3x^5 - 12x^3 - 7}{x^2 + 2x} dx.$$

$$5.19. \int \frac{-x^5 + 9x^3 + 4}{x^2 + 3x} dx.$$

$$5.20. \int \frac{-x^5 + 25x^3 + 1}{x^2 + 5x} dx.$$

$$5.21. \int \frac{x^3 - 5x^2 + 5x + 23}{(x-1)(x+1)(x-5)} dx.$$

$$5.22. \int \frac{x^5 + 2x^4 - 2x^3 + 5x^2 - 7x + 9}{(x+3)(x-1)x} dx.$$

$$5.23. \int \frac{2x^4 - 5x^2 - 8x - 8}{x(x-2)(x+2)} dx.$$

$$5.24. \int \frac{4x^4 + 2x^2 - x - 3}{x(x-1)(x+1)} dx.$$

$$5.25. \int \frac{3x^4 + 3x^3 - 5x^2 + 2}{x(x-1)(x+2)} dx.$$

$$5.26. \int \frac{2x^4 + 2x^3 - 41x^2 + 20}{x(x-4)(x+5)} dx.$$

$$5.27. \int \frac{x^5 - x^4 - 6x^3 + 13x + 6}{x(x-3)(x+2)} dx.$$

$$5.28. \int \frac{3x^3 - x^2 - 12x - 2}{x(x+1)(x-2)} dx.$$

$$5.29. \int \frac{2x^4 + 2x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 9}{x(x-1)(x+3)} dx.$$

$$5.30. \int \frac{2x^3 - x^2 - 7x - 12}{x(x-3)(x+1)} dx.$$

$$5.31. \int \frac{2x^3 - 40x - 8}{x(x+4)(x-2)} dx.$$

Задача 6. Найти неопределенные интегралы.

$$6.1. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 13x + 9}{(x+1)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.2. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 13x + 8}{x(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.3. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 13x - 6}{(x+2)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.4. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 14x + 10}{(x+1)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.5. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 10}{(x+2)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.6. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 7}{(x+1)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.7. \int \frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x + 1}{(x-1)(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.8. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x + 10}{(x-1)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.9. \int \frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x + 2}{x(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.10. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 13x - 8}{x(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.11. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 13x - 7}{(x+1)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.12. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 14x - 6}{(x+1)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.13. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 10x - 10}{(x+1)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.14. \int \frac{x^3 + x + 2}{(x+2)x^3} dx.$$

$$6.15. \int \frac{3x^3 + 9x^2 + 10x + 2}{(x-1)(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.16. \int \frac{2x^3 + x + 1}{(x+1)x^3} dx.$$

$$6.17. \int \frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x + 4}{(x+2)(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.18. \int \frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x}{(x+2)(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.19. \int \frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 + 7x}{(x-2)(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.20. \int \frac{2x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x + 4}{(x-2)(x+1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.21. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 4x + 24}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.23. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 18x - 4}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.25. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 14x - 4}{(x+2)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.27. \int \frac{2x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x - 4}{(x-2)(x-1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.29. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 - 10x + 52}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.31. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 13x + 6}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.22. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 14x + 4}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.24. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x + 12}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.26. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 15x + 2}{(x-2)(x+2)^3} dx.$$

$$6.28. \int \frac{2x^3 - 6x^2 + 7x}{(x+2)(x-1)^3} dx.$$

$$6.30. \int \frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 13x - 6}{(x+2)(x-2)^3} dx.$$

Задача 7. Найти неопределенные интегралы.

$$7.1. \int \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 + 4x + 2}{(x+1)^2(x^2 + x + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.3. \int \frac{2x^3 + 7x^2 + 7x - 1}{(x+2)^2(x^2 + x + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.5. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 9x + 6}{(x+1)^2(x^2 + 2x + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.7. \int \frac{3x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x - 1}{(x+1)^2(x^2 + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.9. \int \frac{x^3 + 6x^2 + 8x + 8}{(x+2)^2(x^2 + 4)} dx.$$

$$7.2. \int \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 + 3x + 2}{(x+1)^2(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.4. \int \frac{2x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x - 1}{(x+1)^2(x^2 + 2x + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.6. \int \frac{2x^3 + 11x^2 + 16x + 10}{(x+2)^2(x^2 + 2x + 3)} dx.$$

$$7.8. \int \frac{x^3 + 9x^2 + 21x + 21}{(x+3)^2(x^2 + 3)} dx.$$

$$7.10. \int \frac{x^3 + 5x^2 + 12x + 4}{(x+2)^2(x^2 + 4)} dx.$$

$$7.11. \int \frac{2x^3 - 4x^2 - 16x - 12}{(x-1)^2(x^2 + 4x + 5)} dx.$$

$$7.12. \int \frac{-3x^3 + 13x^2 - 13x + 1}{(x-2)^2(x^2 - x + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.13. \int \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + 10x}{(x+1)^2(x^2 - x + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.14. \int \frac{3x^3 + x + 46}{(x-1)^2(x^2 + 9)} dx.$$

$$7.15. \int \frac{4x^3 + 24x^2 + 20x - 28}{(x+3)^2(x^2 + 2x + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.16. \int \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 2}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.17. \int \frac{x^3 + x + 1}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.18. \int \frac{x^2 + x + 3}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.19. \int \frac{2x^3 + 4x^2 + 2x + 2}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + x + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.20. \int \frac{2x^3 + 7x^2 + 7x + 9}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + x + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.21. \int \frac{4x^2 + 3x + 4}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + x + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.22. \int \frac{3x^3 + 4x^2 + 6x}{(x^2 + 2)(x^2 + 2x + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.23. \int \frac{2x^2 - x + 1}{(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.24. \int \frac{x^3 + x^2 + 1}{(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.25. \int \frac{x^3 + x + 1}{(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.26. \int \frac{2x^3 + 2x + 1}{(x^2 - x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.28. \int \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 + x + 1}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.29. \int \frac{x + 4}{(x^2 + x + 2)(x^2 + 2)} dx.$$

$$7.30. \int \frac{2x^3 + 2x^2 + 2x + 1}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

$$7.30. \int \frac{3x^3 + 7x^2 + 12x + 6}{(x^2 + x + 3)(x^2 + 2x + 3)} dx.$$

$$7.31. \int \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 2}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x^2 + 1)} dx.$$

Задача 8. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

$$8.1. \int_{\pi/2}^{2\operatorname{arctg} 2} \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x (1 - \cos x)}.$$

$$8.3. \int_{\pi/2}^{2\operatorname{arctg} 2} \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x (1 + \cos x)}.$$

$$8.5. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{(1 + \sin x)^2} dx.$$

$$8.7. \int_{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/3)}^{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/2)} \frac{dx}{\sin x (1 - \sin x)}.$$

$$8.9. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x dx}{5 + 4 \cos x}.$$

$$8.11. \int_{\pi/3}^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x dx}{1 + \sin x - \cos x}.$$

$$8.13. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin dx}{1 + \sin x + \cos x}.$$

$$8.15. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x dx}{1 + \sin x + \cos x}.$$

$$8.17. \int_{-2\pi/3}^0 \frac{\cos x dx}{1 + \cos x - \sin x}.$$

$$8.19. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x dx}{(1 + \cos x + \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.21. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x dx}{(1 + \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.23. \int_{-\pi/2}^0 \frac{\sin x dx}{(1 + \cos x - \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.2. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x dx}{2 + \cos x}.$$

$$8.4. \int_{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/2)}^{\pi/2} \frac{\cos x dx}{(1 - \cos x)^3}.$$

$$8.6. \int_{2\operatorname{arctg} 2}^{2\operatorname{arctg} 3} \frac{dx}{\cos x (1 - \cos x)}.$$

$$8.8. \int_{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/2)}^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{(1 + \sin x - \cos x)^2}.$$

$$8.10. \int_0^{2\pi/3} \frac{1 + \sin x}{1 + \cos x + \sin x} dx.$$

$$8.12. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{(1 + \cos x) dx}{1 + \sin x + \cos x}.$$

$$8.14. \int_0^{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/2)} \frac{1 + \sin x}{(1 - \sin x)^2} dx.$$

$$8.16. \int_0^{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/3)} \frac{\cos x dx}{(1 - \sin x)(1 + \cos x)}.$$

$$8.18. \int_{-\pi/2}^0 \frac{\cos x dx}{(1 + \cos x - \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.20. \int_0^{2\operatorname{arctg}(1/2)} \frac{(1 - \sin x) dx}{\cos x (1 + \cos x)}.$$

$$8.22. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x dx}{(1 + \cos x + \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.24. \int_{-2\pi/3}^0 \frac{\cos^2 x dx}{(1 + \cos x - \sin x)^2}.$$

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$$8.25. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin^2 x dx}{(1 + \cos x + \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.26. \int_0^{2\pi/3} \frac{\cos^2 x dx}{(1 + \cos x - \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.27. \int_{\pi/2}^{2\operatorname{arctg} 2} \frac{dx}{\sin x(1 + \sin x)}.$$

$$8.28. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{dx}{(1 + \cos x + \sin x)^2}.$$

$$8.29. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x dx}{2 + \sin x}.$$

$$8.30. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{dx}{\cos x(1 + \cos x)}.$$

$$8.31. \int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x dx}{5 + 3 \sin x}.$$

Задача 9. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

$$9.1. \int_{\pi/4}^{\operatorname{arctg} 3} \frac{dx}{(3 \operatorname{tg} x + 5) \sin 2x}.$$

$$9.2. \int_{\arccos(4/\sqrt{17})}^{\pi/4} \frac{2 \operatorname{ctg} x + 1}{(2 \sin x + \cos x)^2} dx.$$

$$9.3. \int_0^{\arccos(4/\sqrt{17})} \frac{3 + 2 \operatorname{tg} x}{2 \sin^2 x + 3 \cos^2 x - 1} dx.$$

$$9.4. \int_{\pi/4}^{\operatorname{arctg} 3} \frac{4 \operatorname{tg} x - 5}{1 - \sin 2x + 4 \cos^2 x} dx.$$

$$9.5. \int_0^{\operatorname{arctg}(1/3)} \frac{(8 + \operatorname{tg} x)}{18 \sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x} dx.$$

$$9.6. \int_0^{\arccos \sqrt{2/3}} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x + 2}{\sin^2 x + 2 \cos^2 x - 3} dx.$$

$$9.7. \int_{\arcsin(1/\sqrt{37})}^{\pi/4} \frac{6 \operatorname{tg} x dx}{3 \sin 2x + 5 \cos^2 x}.$$

$$9.8. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{2 \operatorname{tg}^2 x - 11 \operatorname{tg} x - 22}{4 - \operatorname{tg} x} dx.$$

$$9.9. \int_{-\operatorname{arctg}(1/3)}^0 \frac{3 \operatorname{tg} x + 1}{2 \sin 2x - 5 \cos 2x + 1} dx.$$

$$9.10. \int_{\pi/4}^{\operatorname{arctg} 3} \frac{1 + \operatorname{ctg} x}{(\sin x + 2 \cos x)^2} dx.$$

$$9.11. \int_{\pi/4}^{\arccos(4/\sqrt{3})} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{\sin^2 x - 5 \cos^2 x + 4} dx.$$

$$9.12. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{6 \sin^2 x}{3 \cos 2x - 4} dx.$$

$$9.13. \int_0^{\operatorname{arctg} 3} \frac{4 + \operatorname{tg} x}{2 \sin^2 x + 18 \cos^2 x} dx.$$

$$9.14. \int_0^{\operatorname{arctg} 2} \frac{12 + \operatorname{tg} x}{3 \sin^2 x + 12 \cos^2 x} dx.$$

$$9.15. \int_0^{\operatorname{arctg}(2/3)} \frac{6 + \operatorname{tg} x}{9 \sin^2 x + 4 \cos^2 x} dx.$$

$$9.16. \int_0^{\operatorname{arcsin} \sqrt{3/7}} \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x dx}{3 \sin^2 x + 4 \cos^2 x - 7}.$$

$$9.17. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{7 + 3 \operatorname{tg} x}{(\sin x + 2 \cos x)^2} dx.$$

$$9.18. \int_{\operatorname{arcsin}(2/\sqrt{5})}^{\operatorname{arcsin}(3/\sqrt{10})} \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} x + 5}{(5 - \operatorname{tg} x) \sin 2x} dx.$$

$$9.19. \int_{-\operatorname{arccos}(1/\sqrt{10})}^0 \frac{3 \operatorname{tg}^2 x - 50}{2 \operatorname{tg} x + 7} dx.$$

$$9.20. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{5 \operatorname{tg} x + 2}{2 \sin 2x + 5} dx.$$

$$9.21. \int_{\pi/4}^{\operatorname{arcsin}(2/\sqrt{5})} \frac{4 \operatorname{tg} x - 5}{4 \cos^2 x - \sin 2x + 1} dx.$$

$$9.22. \int_0^{\operatorname{arcsin} \sqrt{7/8}} \frac{6 \sin^2 x}{4 + 3 \cos 2x} dx.$$

$$9.23. \int_{-\operatorname{arccos}(1/\sqrt{5})}^0 \frac{11 - 3 \operatorname{tg} x}{\operatorname{tg} x + 3} dx.$$

$$9.24. \int_0^{\operatorname{arcsin} 3\sqrt{10}} \frac{2 \operatorname{tg} x - 5}{(4 \cos x - \sin x)^2} dx.$$

$$9.25. \int_{\pi/4}^{\operatorname{arccos}(1/\sqrt{26})} \frac{dx}{(6 - \operatorname{tg} x) \sin 2x}.$$

$$9.26. \int_0^{\pi/4} \frac{4 - 7 \operatorname{tg} x}{2 + 3 \operatorname{tg} x} dx.$$

$$9.27. \int_{-\operatorname{arcsin}(2/\sqrt{5})}^{\pi/4} \frac{2 - \operatorname{tg} x}{(\sin x + 3 \cos x)^2} dx.$$

$$9.28. \int_{\pi/4}^{\operatorname{arcsin} \sqrt{2/3}} \frac{8 \operatorname{tg} x dx}{3 \cos^2 x + 8 \sin 2x - 7}.$$

$$9.29. \int_{\operatorname{arccos}(1/\sqrt{10})}^{\operatorname{arccos}(1/\sqrt{26})} \frac{12 dx}{(6 + 5 \operatorname{tg} x) \sin 2x}.$$

$$9.30. \int_0^{\pi/3} \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x}{4 + 3 \cos 2x} dx.$$

$$9.31. \int_0^{\operatorname{arccos}(1/\sqrt{6})} \frac{3 \operatorname{tg}^2 x - 1}{\operatorname{tg}^2 x + 5} dx.$$

Задача 10. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

$$10.1. \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} 2^8 \sin^8 x dx.$$

$$10.2. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^6 x \cos^2 x dx.$$

$$10.3. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^4 x \cos^4 x dx.$$

$$10.4. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2(x/4) \cos^6(x/4) dx.$$

$$10.5. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \cos^8(x/2) dx.$$

$$10.7. \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^6 x \cos^2 x dx.$$

$$10.9. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 x \cos^6 x dx.$$

$$10.11. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^8(x/2) dx.$$

$$10.13. \int_{\pi/2}^{2\pi} 2^8 \sin^4 x \cos^4 x dx.$$

$$10.15. \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^8 x dx.$$

$$10.17. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^6(x/2) \cos^2(x/2) dx.$$

$$10.19. \int_{\pi/2}^{\pi} 2^8 \sin^2 x \cos^6 x dx.$$

$$10.21. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^8 x dx.$$

$$10.23. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^4(x/2) \cos^4(x/2) dx.$$

$$10.25. \int_{\pi/2}^{2\pi} 2^8 \cos^8 x dx.$$

$$10.27. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^6 x \cos^2 x dx.$$

$$10.29. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^2(x/2) \cos^6(x/2) dx.$$

$$10.6. \int_{-\pi/2}^0 2^8 \sin^8 x dx.$$

$$10.8. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^4 x \cos^4 x dx.$$

$$10.10. \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^8(x/4) dx.$$

$$10.12. \int_{-\pi}^0 2^8 \sin^6 x \cos^2 x dx.$$

$$10.14. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^2 x \cos^6 x dx.$$

$$10.16. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^8(x/4) dx.$$

$$10.18. \int_{-\pi/2}^0 2^8 \sin^4 x \cos^4 x dx.$$

$$10.20. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \cos^8 x dx.$$

$$10.22. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^6(x/4) \cos^2(x/4) dx.$$

$$10.24. \int_{-\pi/2}^0 2^8 \sin^2 x \cos^6 x dx.$$

$$10.26. \int_0^{\pi} 2^4 \sin^8 x dx.$$

$$10.28. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^4(x/4) \cos^4(x/4) dx.$$

$$10.30. \int_{-\pi/2}^0 2^8 \cos^8 x dx.$$

$$10.31. \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^4 3x \cos^4 3x dx.$$

Задача 11. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

$$11.1. \int_0^1 \frac{4\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{3x+1}}{(\sqrt{3x+1} + 4\sqrt{1-x})(3x+1)^2} dx.$$

$$11.2. \int_1^{64} \frac{1 - \sqrt[6]{x} + 2\sqrt[3]{x}}{x + 2\sqrt{x^3} + \sqrt[3]{x^4}} dx.$$

$$11.3. \int_{-14/15}^{-7/8} \frac{6\sqrt{x+2}}{(x+2)^2 \sqrt{x+1}} dx.$$

$$11.4. \int_6^9 \sqrt{\frac{9-2x}{2x-21}} dx.$$

$$11.5. \int_0^5 e^{\sqrt{\frac{5-x}{5+x}}} \frac{dx}{(5+x)\sqrt{25-x^2}}.$$

$$11.6. \int_8^{12} \sqrt{\frac{6-x}{x-14}} dx.$$

$$11.7. \int_0^1 e^{\sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}} \frac{dx}{(1+x)\sqrt{1-x^2}}.$$

$$11.8. \int_{5/2}^{10/3} \frac{\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2}}{(\sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x-2})(x-2)^2} dx.$$

$$11.9. \int_1^8 \frac{5\sqrt{x+24}}{(x+24)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx.$$

$$11.10. \int_1^2 \frac{x + \sqrt{3x-2} - 10}{\sqrt{3x-2} + 7} dx.$$

$$11.11. \int_6^{10} \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x-12}} dx.$$

$$11.12. \int_0^2 \frac{(4\sqrt{2-x} - \sqrt{2x+2}) dx}{(\sqrt{2x+2} + 4\sqrt{2-x})(2x+2)^2}.$$

$$11.13. \int_{-1/2}^0 \frac{xdx}{2 + \sqrt{2x+1}}$$

$$11.14. \int_0^4 e^{\sqrt{\frac{4-x}{4+x}}} \frac{dx}{(4+x)\sqrt{16-x^2}}.$$

$$11.15. \int_{1/8}^1 \frac{15\sqrt{x+3}}{(x+3)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx.$$

$$11.16. \int_{-5/3}^1 \frac{\sqrt[3]{3x+5} + 2}{1 + \sqrt[3]{3x+5}} dx.$$

$$11.17. \int_2^3 \sqrt{\frac{3-2x}{2x-7}} dx.$$

$$11.18. \int_0^7 \frac{\sqrt{x+25}}{(x+25)^2 \sqrt{x+1}} dx.$$

$$11.19. \int_0^2 \frac{(4\sqrt{2-x} - \sqrt{3x+2}) dx}{(\sqrt{3x+2} + 4\sqrt{2-x})(3x+2)^2}.$$

$$11.20. \int_0^2 e^{\sqrt{\frac{2-x}{2+x}}} \frac{dx}{(2+x)\sqrt{4-x^2}}.$$

$$11.21. \int_3^5 \sqrt{\frac{2-x}{x-6}} dx.$$

$$11.22. \int_{1/24}^{1/3} \frac{5\sqrt{x+1}}{(x+1)^2 \sqrt{x}} dx.$$

$$11.23. \int_9^{15} \sqrt{\frac{6-x}{x-18}} dx.$$

$$11.24. \int_0^1 \frac{(4\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{2x+2}) dx}{(\sqrt{2x+1} + 4\sqrt{1-x})(2x+1)^2}.$$

$$11.25. \int_1^{64} \frac{(2 + \sqrt[3]{x}) dx}{(\sqrt[6]{x} + 2\sqrt{x^3} + \sqrt{x})\sqrt{x}}.$$

$$11.26. \int_{16/15}^{4/3} \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{x^2 \sqrt{x-1}} dx.$$

$$11.27. \int_0^6 \frac{e^{\sqrt{(6-x)/(6+x)}} dx}{(6+x)\sqrt{36-x^2}}.$$

$$11.28. \int_1^{64} \frac{6 - \sqrt{x} + \sqrt[4]{x}}{\sqrt{x^3} - 7x - 6\sqrt[4]{x^3}} dx.$$

$$11.29. \int_0^1 \frac{(4\sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{x+1}) dx}{(\sqrt{x+1} + 4\sqrt{1-x})(x+1)^2}.$$

$$11.30. \int_0^3 \frac{e^{\sqrt{(3-x)/(3+x)}} dx}{(3+x)\sqrt{9-x^2}}.$$

$$11.31. \int_0^2 \frac{(4\sqrt{2-x} - \sqrt{x+2}) dx}{(\sqrt{x+2} + 4\sqrt{2-x})(x+2)^2}.$$

Задача 12. Вычислить определенные интегралы.

$$12.1. \int_0^{16} \sqrt{256-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.2. \int_0^1 x^2 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.3. \int_0^5 \frac{dx}{(25+x^2)\sqrt{25+x^2}}.$$

$$12.4. \int_0^3 \frac{dx}{(9+x^2)^{3/2}}.$$

$$12.5. \int_0^{\sqrt{5}/2} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(5-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.6. \int_1^2 \frac{\sqrt{x^2-1}}{x^4} dx.$$

$$12.7. \int_0^{\sqrt{2}/2} \frac{x^4 dx}{\sqrt{(1-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.8. \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(4-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.9. \int_0^1 \frac{x^4 dx}{(2-x^2)^{3/2}}.$$

$$12.10. \int_0^2 \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{16-x^2}}.$$

$$12.11. \int_0^2 \sqrt{4-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.12. \int_0^4 \frac{dx}{(16+x^2)^{3/2}}.$$

$$12.13. \int_0^4 x^2 \sqrt{16-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.14. \int_0^{5/2} \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{25-x^2}}.$$

$$12.15. \int_0^5 x^2 \sqrt{25-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.16. \int_0^4 \sqrt{16-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.17. \int_0^{4\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(64-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.18. \int_{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}^{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{\sqrt{x^2-2}}{x^4} dx.$$

$$12.19. \int_0^{2\sqrt{2}} \frac{x^4 dx}{(16-x^2)\sqrt{16-x^2}}.$$

$$12.20. \int_{-3}^3 x^2 \sqrt{9-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.21. \int_1^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(1+x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.22. \int_0^2 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{(16-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.23. \int_0^2 \frac{x^4 dx}{\sqrt{(8-x^2)^3}}.$$

$$12.24. \int_3^6 \frac{\sqrt{x^2-9}}{x^4} dx.$$

$$12.25. \int_0^1 \sqrt{4-x^2} dx.$$

$$12.26. \int_2^4 \frac{\sqrt{x^2-4}}{x^4} dx.$$

$$12.27. \int_0^2 \frac{dx}{(4+x^2)\sqrt{4+x^2}}.$$

$$12.28. \int_0^{\sqrt{2}} \frac{x^4 dx}{(4-x^2)^{3/2}}.$$

$$12.29. \int_0^{1/\sqrt{2}} \frac{dx}{(1-x^2)\sqrt{1-x^2}}.$$

$$12.30. \int_0^1 \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{4-x^2}}.$$

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$$12.31. \int_0^{3/2} \frac{x^2 dx}{\sqrt{9-x^2}}.$$

Задача 13. Найти неопределенные интегралы.

$$13.1. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^4 \sqrt{x^3}} dx.$$

$$13.2. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt{x}}}{x^3 \sqrt{x^2}} dx.$$

$$13.3. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x \sqrt{x}} dx.$$

$$13.4. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^9 \sqrt{x^4}} dx.$$

$$13.5. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1+\sqrt[3]{x^2}}}{x^9 \sqrt{x^8}} dx.$$

$$13.6. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1+\sqrt[3]{x})^2}}{x^9 \sqrt{x^5}} dx.$$

$$13.7. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1+\sqrt[3]{x^2})^2}}{x^2 \sqrt[9]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.8. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1+\sqrt{x})^2}}{x^6 \sqrt{x^5}} dx.$$

$$13.9. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[3]{x^2}}}{x^2} dx.$$

$$13.10. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+x}}{x^2 \sqrt{x}} dx.$$

$$13.11. \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(1+\sqrt{x})^3}}{x^8 \sqrt{x^7}} dx.$$

$$13.12. \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(1+\sqrt[3]{x})^3}}{x^{12} \sqrt{x^7}} dx.$$

$$13.13. \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(1+\sqrt[3]{x^2})^3}}{x^2 \sqrt[9]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.14. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[4]{x^3}}}{x^2 \sqrt[8]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.15. \int \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt[4]{x^3}}}{x^2} dx.$$

$$13.16. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1+\sqrt[4]{x^3})^2}}{x^2 \sqrt[4]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.17. \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{(1+\sqrt{x})^4}}{x^{10} \sqrt{x^9}} dx.$$

$$13.18. \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{(1+\sqrt[3]{x})^4}}{x^5 \sqrt{x^3}} dx.$$

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$$13.19. \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{(1 + \sqrt[3]{x^2})^4}}{x^2 \sqrt[5]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.20. \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{(1 + \sqrt[4]{x^3})^4}}{x^2 \sqrt[20]{x^7}} dx.$$

$$13.21. \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{1 + \sqrt[5]{x^4}}}{x^2 \sqrt[25]{x^{11}}} dx.$$

$$13.22. \int \frac{\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[5]{x^4}}}{x^2 \sqrt[5]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.23. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[5]{x^4}}}{x^2 \sqrt[15]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.24. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1 + \sqrt[5]{x^4})^2}}{x^2 \sqrt[3]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.25. \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{(1 + \sqrt[5]{x^4})^3}}{x^2 \sqrt[5]{x^2}} dx.$$

$$13.26. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[4]{x}}}{x^3 \sqrt[3]{x}} dx.$$

$$13.27. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1 + \sqrt[4]{x})^2}}{x^{12} \sqrt{x^5}} dx.$$

$$13.28. \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^{12} \sqrt{x^5}} dx.$$

$$13.29. \int \frac{\sqrt[4]{1 + \sqrt[3]{x^2}}}{x^6 \sqrt{x^5}} dx.$$

$$13.30. \int \frac{\sqrt[3]{1 + \sqrt[5]{x}}}{x^{15} \sqrt{x^4}} dx.$$

$$13.31. \int \frac{\sqrt[5]{1 + \sqrt[3]{x}}}{x^5 \sqrt{x^2}} dx.$$

Задача 14. Вычислить площади фигур, ограниченных графиками функций.

$$14.1. \begin{cases} y = (x - 2)^3, \\ y = 4x - 8. \end{cases}$$

$$14.2. \begin{cases} y = x\sqrt{9 - x^2}, & y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq 3). \end{cases}$$

$$14.3. \begin{cases} y = 4 - x^2, \\ y = x^2 - 2x. \end{cases}$$

$$14.4. \begin{cases} y = \sin x \cos^2 x, & y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq \pi/2). \end{cases}$$

$$14.5. \begin{cases} y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}, & y = 0, \\ x = 0, & x = 1. \end{cases}$$

$$14.6. \begin{cases} y = x^2 \sqrt{4 - x^2}, & y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq 2). \end{cases}$$

$$14.7. \quad y = \cos x \sin^2 x, \quad y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq \pi/2).$$

$$14.9. \quad y = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1+\ln x}}, \quad y = 0, \\ x = 1, \quad x = e^3.$$

$$14.11. \quad y = (x+1)^2, \\ y^2 = x+1.$$

$$14.13. \quad y = x\sqrt{36-x^2}, \quad y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq 6).$$

$$14.15. \quad y = \operatorname{arctg} x, \quad y = 0, \\ x = \sqrt{3}.$$

$$14.17. \quad x = \sqrt{e^y - 1}, \quad x = 0, \\ y = \ln 2.$$

$$14.19. \quad y = \frac{x}{1+\sqrt{x}}, \quad y = 0, \\ x = 1.$$

$$14.21. \quad x = (y-2)^3, \\ x = 4y-8.$$

$$14.23. \quad y = \frac{x}{(x^2+1)^2}, \quad y = 0, \\ x = 1.$$

$$14.25. \quad x = \frac{1}{y\sqrt{1+\ln y}}, \quad x = 0, \\ y = 1, \quad y = e^3.$$

$$14.27. \quad y = x^2\sqrt{16-x^2}, \quad y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq 4).$$

$$14.8. \quad y = \sqrt{e^x - 1}, \quad y = 0, \\ x = \ln 2.$$

$$14.10. \quad y = \arccos x, \quad y = 0, \\ x = 0.$$

$$14.12. \quad y = 2x - x^2 + 3, \\ y = x^2 - 4x + 3.$$

$$14.14. \quad x = \arccos y, \quad x = 0, \\ y = 0.$$

$$14.16. \quad y = x^2\sqrt{8-x^2}, \quad y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq 2\sqrt{2}).$$

$$14.18. \quad y = x\sqrt{4-x^2}, \quad y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq 2).$$

$$14.20. \quad y = \frac{1}{1+\cos x}, \quad y = 0, \\ x = \pi/2, \quad x = -\pi/2.$$

$$14.22. \quad y = \cos^5 x \sin 2x, \quad y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq \pi/2).$$

$$14.24. \quad x = 4 - y^2, \\ x = y^2 - 2y.$$

$$14.26. \quad y = \frac{e^{1/x}}{x^2}, \quad y = 0, \\ x = 2, \quad x = 1.$$

$$14.28. \quad x = \sqrt{4-y^2}, \quad x = 0, \\ y = 0, \quad y = 1.$$

$$14.29. \begin{cases} y = (x-1)^2, \\ y^2 = x-1. \end{cases}$$

$$14.30. \begin{cases} y = x^2 \cos x, & y = 0, \\ (0 \leq x \leq \pi/2). \end{cases}$$

$$14.31. \begin{cases} x = 4 - (y-1)^2, \\ x = y^2 - 4y + 3. \end{cases}$$

Задача 15. Вычислить площади фигур, ограниченных линиями, заданными уравнениями.

$$15.1. \begin{cases} x = 4\sqrt{2} \cos^3 t, \\ y = 2\sqrt{2} \sin^3 t, \\ x = 2 \quad (x \geq 2). \end{cases}$$

$$15.2. \begin{cases} x = \sqrt{2} \cos t, \\ y = 2\sqrt{2} \sin t, \\ y = 2 \quad (y \geq 2). \end{cases}$$

$$15.3. \begin{cases} x = 4(t - \sin t), \\ y = 4(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 4 \quad (0 < x < 8\pi, y \geq 4). \end{cases}$$

$$15.4. \begin{cases} x = 16 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 2 \sin^3 t, \\ x = 2 \quad (x \geq 2). \end{cases}$$

$$15.5. \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos t, \\ y = 6 \sin t, \\ y = 3 \quad (y \geq 3). \end{cases}$$

$$15.6. \begin{cases} x = 2(t - \sin t), \\ y = 2(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 3 \quad (0 < x < 4\pi, y \geq 3). \end{cases}$$

$$15.7. \begin{cases} x = 16 \cos^3 t, \\ y = \sin^3 t, \\ x = 6\sqrt{3} \quad (x \geq 6\sqrt{3}). \end{cases}$$

$$15.8. \begin{cases} x = 6 \cos t, \\ y = 2 \sin t, \\ y = \sqrt{3} \quad (y \geq \sqrt{3}). \end{cases}$$

$$15.9. \begin{cases} x = 3(t - \sin t), \\ y = 3(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 3 \quad (0 < x < 6\pi, y \geq 3). \end{cases}$$

$$15.10. \begin{cases} x = 8\sqrt{2} \cos^3 t, \\ y = \sqrt{2} \sin^3 t, \\ x = 4 \quad (x \geq 4). \end{cases}$$

$$15.11. \begin{cases} x = 2\sqrt{2} \cos t, \\ y = 3\sqrt{2} \sin t, \\ y = 3 \quad (y \geq 3). \end{cases}$$

$$15.13. \begin{cases} x = 32 \cos^3 t, \\ y = \sin^3 t, \\ x = 4 \quad (x \geq 4). \end{cases}$$

$$15.15. \begin{cases} x = 6(t - \sin t), \\ y = 6(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 6 \quad (0 < x < 12\pi, y \geq 6). \end{cases}$$

$$15.17. \begin{cases} x = 6 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 4 \sin^3 t, \\ x = 2\sqrt{3} \quad (x \geq 2\sqrt{3}). \end{cases}$$

$$15.19. \begin{cases} x = 2\sqrt{2} \cos^3 t, \\ y = \sqrt{2} \sin^3 t, \\ x = 1 \quad (x \geq 1). \end{cases}$$

$$15.21. \begin{cases} x = t - \sin t, \\ y = 1 - \cos t, \\ y = 1 \quad (0 < x < 2\pi, y \geq 1). \end{cases}$$

$$15.23. \begin{cases} x = 9 \cos t, \\ y = 4 \sin t, \\ y = 2 \quad (y \geq 2). \end{cases}$$

$$15.25. \begin{cases} x = 24 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 2 \sin^3 t, \\ x = 9\sqrt{3} \quad (x \geq 9\sqrt{3}). \end{cases}$$

$$15.12. \begin{cases} x = 6(t - \sin t), \\ y = 6(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 9 \quad (0 < x < 12\pi, y \geq 9). \end{cases}$$

$$15.14. \begin{cases} x = 3 \cos t, \\ y = 8 \sin t, \\ y = 4 \quad (y \geq 4). \end{cases}$$

$$15.16. \begin{cases} x = 8 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 4 \sin^3 t, \\ x = 3\sqrt{3} \quad (x \geq 3\sqrt{3}). \end{cases}$$

$$15.18. \begin{cases} x = 10(t - \sin t), \\ y = 10(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 15 \quad (0 < x < 20\pi, y \geq 15). \end{cases}$$

$$15.20. \begin{cases} x = \sqrt{2} \cos t, \\ y = 4\sqrt{2} \sin t, \\ y = 4 \quad (y \geq 4). \end{cases}$$

$$15.22. \begin{cases} x = 8 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 8 \sin^3 t, \\ x = 1 \quad (x \geq 1). \end{cases}$$

$$15.24. \begin{cases} x = 8(t - \sin t), \\ y = 8(1 - \cos t), \\ y = 12 \quad (0 < x < 16\pi, y \geq 12). \end{cases}$$

$$15.26. \begin{cases} x = 3 \cos t, \\ y = 8 \sin t, \\ y = 4\sqrt{3} \quad (y \geq 4\sqrt{3}). \end{cases}$$

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$$15.27. \begin{cases} x = 2(t - \sin t), \\ y = 2(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ y = 2 \quad (0 < x < 4\pi, y \geq 2).$$

$$15.28. \begin{cases} x = 4\sqrt{2} \cos^3 t, \\ y = \sqrt{2} \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ x = 2 \quad (x \geq 2).$$

$$15.29. \begin{cases} x = 2\sqrt{2} \cos t, \\ y = 5\sqrt{2} \sin t, \end{cases} \\ y = 5 \quad (y \geq 5).$$

$$15.30. \begin{cases} x = 4(t - \sin t), \\ y = 4(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ y = 6 \quad (0 < x < 8\pi, y \geq 6).$$

$$15.31. \begin{cases} x = 32 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 3 \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ x = 12\sqrt{3} \quad (x \geq 12\sqrt{3}).$$

Задача 16. Вычислить площади фигур, ограниченных линиями, заданными в полярных координатах.

$$16.1. r = 4 \cos 3\varphi, \quad r = 2 \quad (r \geq 2).$$

$$16.2. r = \cos 2\varphi.$$

$$16.3. \begin{cases} r = \sqrt{3} \cos \varphi, \\ r = \sin \varphi, \end{cases} \\ (0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2).$$

$$16.4. r = 4 \sin 3\varphi, \quad r = 2 \quad (r \geq 2).$$

$$16.5. \begin{cases} r = 2 \cos \varphi, \\ r = 2\sqrt{3} \sin \varphi, \end{cases} \\ (0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2).$$

$$16.6. r = \sin 3\varphi.$$

$$16.7. r = 6 \sin 3\varphi, \quad r = 3 \quad (r \geq 3).$$

$$16.8. r = \cos 3\varphi.$$

$$16.9. \begin{cases} r = \cos \varphi, \\ r = \sqrt{2} \sin(\varphi - \pi/4), \end{cases} \\ (-\pi/4 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2).$$

$$16.10. \begin{cases} r = \sin \varphi, \\ r = \sqrt{2} \cos(\varphi - \pi/4), \end{cases} \\ (0 \leq \varphi \leq 3\pi/4).$$

$$16.11. r = 6 \cos 3\varphi, \quad r = 3 \quad (r \geq 3).$$

$$16.12. r = 1/2 + \sin \varphi.$$

- 16.13. $r = \cos \varphi, \quad r = \sin \varphi,$
 $(0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2).$
- 16.14. $r = \sqrt{2} \cos(\varphi - \pi/4),$
 $(\pi/4 \leq \varphi \leq 3\pi/4).$
- 16.15. $r = \cos \varphi, \quad r = 2 \cos \varphi.$
- 16.16. $r = \sin \varphi, \quad r = 2 \sin \varphi.$
- 16.17. $r = 1 + \sqrt{2} \cos \varphi.$
- 16.18. $r = 1/2 + \cos \varphi.$
- 16.19. $r = 1 + \sqrt{2} \sin \varphi.$
- 16.20. $r = (5/2) \sin \varphi, \quad r = (3/2) \sin \varphi.$
- 16.21. $r = (3/2) \cos \varphi, \quad r = (5/2) \cos \varphi.$
- 16.22. $r = 4 \cos 4\varphi.$
- 16.23. $r = \sin 6\varphi.$
- 16.24. $r = 2 \cos \varphi, \quad r = 3 \cos \varphi.$
- 16.25. $r = \cos \varphi + \sin \varphi.$
- 16.26. $r = 2 \sin 4\varphi.$
- 16.27. $r = 2 \cos 6\varphi.$
- 16.28. $r = \cos \varphi - \sin \varphi.$
- 16.29. $r = 3 \sin \varphi, \quad r = 5 \sin \varphi.$
- 16.30. $r = 2 \sin \varphi, \quad r = 4 \sin \varphi.$
- 16.31. $r = 6 \sin \varphi, \quad r = 4 \sin \varphi.$

Задача 17. Вычислить длины дуг кривых, заданных уравнениями в прямоугольной системе координат.

- 17.1. $y = \ln x, \quad \sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{15}.$
- 17.2. $y = \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{\ln x}{2}, \quad 1 \leq x \leq 2.$
- 17.3. $y = \sqrt{1-x^2} + \arcsin x, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 7/9.$
- 17.3. $y = \ln \frac{5}{2x}, \quad \sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{8}.$
- 17.5. $y = -\ln \cos x, \quad 0 \leq x \leq \pi/6.$
- 17.6. $y = e^x + 6, \quad \ln \sqrt{8} \leq x \leq \ln \sqrt{15}.$
- 17.7. $y = 2 + \arcsin \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-x^2}, \quad 1/4 \leq x \leq 1.$
- 17.8. $y = \ln(x^2 - 1), \quad 2 \leq x \leq 3.$
- 17.9. $y = \sqrt{1-x^2} + \arccos x, \quad 0 \leq x \leq 8/9.$
- 17.10. $y = \ln(1-x^2), \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1/4.$

17.11. $y = 2 + \operatorname{ch} x$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$.

17.12. $y = 1 - \ln \cos x$, $0 \leq x \leq \pi/6$.

17.13. $y = e^x + 13$, $\ln \sqrt{15} \leq x \leq \ln \sqrt{24}$.

17.14. $y = -\arccos \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x - x^2}$, $0 \leq x \leq 1/4$.

17.15. $y = 2 - e^x$, $\ln \sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \ln \sqrt{8}$.

17.16. $y = \arcsin x - \sqrt{1 - x^2}$, $0 \leq x \leq 15/16$.

17.17. $y = 1 - \ln \sin x$, $\pi/3 \leq x \leq \pi/2$.

17.18. $y = 1 - \ln(x^2 - 1)$, $3 \leq x \leq 4$.

17.19. $y = \sqrt{x - x^2} - \arccos \sqrt{x} + 5$, $1/9 \leq x \leq 1$.

17.20. $y = -\arccos x + \sqrt{1 - x^2} + 1$, $0 \leq x \leq 9/16$.

17.21. $y = \ln \sin x$, $\pi/3 \leq x \leq \pi/2$.

17.22. $y = \ln 7 - \ln x$, $\sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \sqrt{8}$.

17.23. $y = \operatorname{ch} x + 3$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$.

17.24. $y = 1 + \arcsin x - \sqrt{1 - x^2}$, $0 \leq x \leq 3/4$.

17.25. $y = \ln \cos x + 2$, $0 \leq x \leq \pi/6$.

17.26. $y = e^x + 26$, $\ln \sqrt{8} \leq x \leq \ln \sqrt{24}$.

17.27. $y = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} + 3$, $0 \leq x \leq 2$.

17.28. $y = \arccos \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x - x^2} + 4$, $0 \leq x \leq 1/2$.

17.29. $y = \frac{e^x + e^{-x} + 3}{4}$, $0 \leq x \leq 2$.

17.30. $y = e^x + e$, $\ln \sqrt{3} \leq x \leq \ln \sqrt{15}$.

17.31. $y = \frac{1 - e^x}{2e^x}$, $0 \leq x \leq 3$.

Задача 18. Вычислить длины дуг кривых, заданных параметрическими уравнениями.

$$18.1. \begin{cases} x = 5(t - \sin t), \\ y = 5(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.2. \begin{cases} x = 3(2 \cos t - \cos 2t), \\ y = 3(2 \sin t - \sin 2t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi.$$

$$18.3. \begin{cases} x = 4(\cos t + t \sin t), \\ y = 4(\sin t - t \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi.$$

$$18.5. \begin{cases} x = 10 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 10 \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/2.$$

$$18.7. \begin{cases} x = 3(t - \sin t), \\ y = 3(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ \pi \leq t \leq 2\pi.$$

$$18.9. \begin{cases} x = 3(\cos t + t \sin t), \\ y = 3(\sin t - t \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/3.$$

$$18.11. \begin{cases} x = 6 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 6 \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/3.$$

$$18.13. \begin{cases} x = 2,5(t - \sin t), \\ y = 2,5(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ \pi/2 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.15. \begin{cases} x = 6(\cos t + t \sin t), \\ y = 6(\sin t - t \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.17. \begin{cases} x = 8 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 8 \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/6.$$

$$18.4. \begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t, \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.6. \begin{cases} x = e^t (\cos t + \sin t), \\ y = e^t (\cos t - \sin t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.8. \begin{cases} x = \frac{1}{2} \cos t - \frac{1}{4} \cos 2t, \\ y = \frac{1}{2} \sin t - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2t, \end{cases} \\ \pi/2 \leq t \leq 2\pi/3.$$

$$18.10. \begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t, \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/3.$$

$$18.12. \begin{cases} x = e^t (\cos t + \sin t), \\ y = e^t (\cos t - \sin t), \end{cases} \\ \pi/2 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.14. \begin{cases} x = 3,5(2 \cos t - \cos 2t), \\ y = 3,5(2 \sin t - \sin 2t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/2.$$

$$18.16. \begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t, \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/2.$$

$$18.18. \begin{cases} x = e^t (\cos t + \sin t), \\ y = e^t (\cos t - \sin t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi.$$

$$18.19. \begin{cases} x = 4(t - \sin t), \\ y = 4(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ \pi/2 \leq t \leq 2\pi/3.$$

$$18.21. \begin{cases} x = 8(\cos t + t \sin t), \\ y = 8(\sin t - t \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/4.$$

$$18.23. \begin{cases} x = 4 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 4 \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ \pi/6 \leq t \leq \pi/4.$$

$$18.25. \begin{cases} x = 2(t - \sin t), \\ y = 2(1 - \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/2.$$

$$18.27. \begin{cases} x = 2(\cos t + t \sin t), \\ y = 2(\sin t - t \cos t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/2.$$

$$18.29. \begin{cases} x = 2 \cos^3 t, \\ y = 2 \sin^3 t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/4.$$

$$18.31. \begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t, \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.20. \begin{cases} x = 2(2 \cos t - \cos 2t), \\ y = 2(2 \sin t - \sin 2t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi/3.$$

$$18.22. \begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t, \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi.$$

$$18.24. \begin{cases} x = e^t (\cos t + \sin t), \\ y = e^t (\cos t - \sin t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq 3\pi/2.$$

$$18.26. \begin{cases} x = 4(2 \cos t - \cos 2t), \\ y = 4(2 \sin t - \sin 2t), \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq \pi.$$

$$18.28. \begin{cases} x = (t^2 - 2) \sin t + 2t \cos t, \\ y = (2 - t^2) \cos t + 2t \sin t, \end{cases} \\ 0 \leq t \leq 3\pi.$$

$$18.30. \begin{cases} x = e^t (\cos t + \sin t), \\ y = e^t (\cos t - \sin t), \end{cases} \\ \pi/6 \leq t \leq \pi/4.$$

Задача 19. Вычислить длины дуг кривых, заданных уравнениями в полярных координатах.

$$19.1. \rho = 3e^{3\varphi/4}, \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2.$$

$$19.2. \rho = 4e^{4\varphi/3}, \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2.$$

$$19.3. \rho = \sqrt{2}e^\varphi, \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2.$$

$$19.4. \rho = 5e^{5\varphi/12}, \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2.$$

19.5. $\rho = 6e^{12\varphi/5}, \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/2.$

19.6. $\rho = 3e^{3\varphi/4}, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

19.7. $\rho = 4e^{4\varphi/3}, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

19.8. $\rho = \sqrt{2}e^\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

19.9. $\rho = 5e^{5\varphi/12}, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

19.10. $\rho = 12e^{12\varphi/5}, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

19.11. $\rho = 1 - \sin \varphi, \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq -\pi/6.$

19.12.

$$\rho = 2(1 - \cos \varphi), \quad -\pi \leq \varphi \leq -\pi/2.$$

19.13. $\rho = 3(1 + \sin \varphi), \quad -\pi/6 \leq \varphi \leq 0.$

19.14. $\rho = 4(1 - \sin \varphi), \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/6.$

19.15. $\rho = 5(1 - \cos \varphi), \quad -\pi/3 \leq \varphi \leq 0.$

19.16. $\rho = 6(1 + \sin \varphi), \quad -\pi/2 \leq \varphi \leq 0.$

19.17. $\rho = 7(1 - \sin \varphi), \quad -\pi/6 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/6.$

19.18.

$$\rho = 8(1 - \cos \varphi), \quad -2\pi/3 \leq \varphi \leq 0.$$

19.19. $\rho = 2\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 3/4.$

19.20. $\rho = 2\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 4/3.$

19.21. $\rho = 2\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 5/12.$

19.21. $\rho = 2\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 12/5.$

19.23. $\rho = 4\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 3/4.$

19.24. $\rho = 3\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 4/3.$

19.25. $\rho = 5\varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 12/5.$

19.26. $\rho = 2\cos \varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/6.$

19.27. $\rho = 8\cos \varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/4.$

19.28. $\rho = 6\cos \varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

19.29. $\rho = 2\sin \varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/6.$

19.30. $\rho = 8\sin \varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/4.$

19.31. $\rho = 6\sin \varphi, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi/3.$

Задача 20. Вычислить объемы тел, ограниченных поверхностями.

20.1. $\frac{x^2}{9} + y^2 = 1, \quad z = y, \quad z = 0 \quad (y \geq 0).$

20.2. $z = x^2 + 4y^2, \quad z = 2.$

20.3. $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} - z^2 = 1, \quad z = 0, \quad z = 3.$

20.4. $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} - \frac{z^2}{36} = -1, \quad z = 12.$

20.5. $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{4} = 1, \quad z = 1, \quad z = 0.$

20.6.

$$x^2 + y^2 = 9, \quad z = y, \quad z = 0 \quad (y \geq 0).$$

$$20.7. z = x^2 + 9y^2, z = 3.$$

$$20.8. \frac{x^2}{4} + y^2 - z^2 = 1, z = 0, z = 3.$$

$$20.9. \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{16} - \frac{z^2}{64} = -1, z = 16.$$

$$20.10. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{16} = 1, z = 2, z = 0.$$

$$20.11. \frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1, z = y\sqrt{3}, z = 0 \quad (y \geq 0).$$

$$20.12. z = 2x^2 + 8y^2, z = 4.$$

$$20.13. \frac{x^2}{81} + \frac{y^2}{25} - z^2 = 1, z = 0, z = 2.$$

$$20.14. \frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} - \frac{z^2}{36} = -1, z = 12.$$

$$20.15. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{36} = 1, z = 3, z = 0.$$

$$20.16. \frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1, z = y\sqrt{3}, z = 0 \quad (y \geq 0).$$

$$20.17. z = x^2 + 5y^2, z = 5.$$

$$20.18. \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} - z^2 = 1, z = 0, z = 4.$$

$$20.19. \frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{25} - \frac{z^2}{100} = -1, z = 20.$$

$$20.20. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{64} = 1, z = 4, z = 0.$$

$$20.21. \frac{x^2}{27} + \frac{y^2}{25} = 1, z = \frac{y}{\sqrt{3}}, z = 0 \quad (y \geq 0).$$

$$20.22. z = 4x^2 + 9y^2, z = 6.$$

$$20.23. x^2 + \frac{y^2}{4} - z^2 = 1, z = 0, z = 3.$$

$$20.24. \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} - \frac{z^2}{100} = -1, z = 20.$$

$$20.25. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{100} = 1, z = 5, z = 0.$$

$$20.26. \frac{x^2}{27} + y^2 = 1, z = \frac{y}{\sqrt{3}}, z = 0 \quad (y \geq 0).$$

$$20.27. z = 2x^2 + 18y^2, z = 6.$$

$$20.28. \frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{9} - z^2 = 1, z = 0, z = 2.$$

$$20.29. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} - \frac{z^2}{64} = -1, z = 16.$$

$$20.30. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{144} = 1, z = 6, z = 0.$$

$$20.31. \frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{196} = 1, \quad z = 7, \quad z = 0.$$

Задача 21. Вычислить объемы тел, образованных вращением фигур, ограниченных графиками функций. В вариантах 1–16 ось вращения Ox , в вариантах 17–31 ось вращения Oy .

$$21.1. y = -x^2 + 5x - 6, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.2. 2x - x^2 - y = 0, \quad 2x^2 - 4x + y = 0.$$

$$21.3. y = 3 \sin x, \quad y = \sin x, \quad 0 \leq x \leq \pi.$$

$$21.4.$$

$$y = 5 \cos x, \quad y = \cos x, \quad x = 0, \quad x \geq 0.$$

$$21.5. y = \sin^2 x, \quad x = \pi/2, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.6. x = \sqrt[3]{y-2}, \quad x = 1, \quad y = 1.$$

$$21.7. y = x e^x, \quad y = 0, \quad x = 1.$$

$$21.8. y = 2x - x^2, \quad y = -x + 2, \quad x = 0.$$

$$21.9. y = 2x - x^2, \quad y = -x + 2.$$

$$21.10. y = e^{1-x}, \quad y = 0, \quad x = 0, \quad x = 1.$$

$$21.11. y = x^2, \quad y^2 - x = 0.$$

$$21.12. x^2 + (y-2)^2 = 1.$$

$$21.13. y = 1 - x^2, \quad x = 0, \quad x = \sqrt{y-1}, \quad x = 1.$$

$$21.14. y = x^2, \quad y = 1, \quad x = 2.$$

$$21.15. y = x^2, \quad y = \sqrt{x}.$$

$$21.16. y = \sin(\pi x/2), \quad y = x^2.$$

$$21.17. y = \arccos(x/3), \quad y = \arccos x, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.18. y = \arcsin(x/5), \quad y = \arcsin x, \quad y = \pi/2.$$

$$21.19. y = x^2, \quad x = 2, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.20. y = x^2 + 1, \quad y = x, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.21. y = \sqrt{x-1}, \quad y = 0, \quad y = 1, \quad x = 0,5.$$

$$21.22. y = \ln x, \quad x = 2, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.23. y = (x-1)^2, \quad y = 1.$$

$$21.24.$$

$$y^2 = x - 2, \quad y = 0, \quad y = x^3, \quad y = 1.$$

$$21.25. y = x^3, \quad y = x^2.$$

$$21.26. y = \arccos(x/5), \quad y = \arccos(x/3), \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.27. y = \arcsin x, \quad y = \arccos x, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.28. y = x^2 - 2x + 1, \quad x = 2, \quad y = 0.$$

$$21.29. y = x^3, \quad y = x.$$

$$21.30.$$

$$y = \arccos x, \quad y = \arcsin x, \quad x = 0.$$

$$21.31. y = (x-1)^2, \quad x=0, \quad x=2, \quad y=0.$$

Задача 22

Варианты 1–10

Вычислить силу, с которой вода давит на плотину, сечение которой имеет форму равнобоковой трапеции (рис. 2). Плотность воды $\rho = 1000 \text{ кг/м}^3$, ускорение свободного падения g положить равным 10 м/с^2 .

У к а з а н и е. Давление на глубине x равно $\rho g x$.

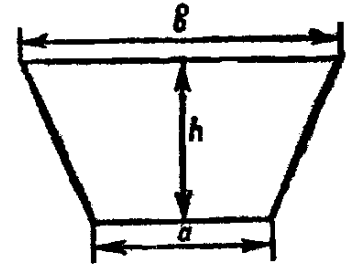


Рис. 2

$$22.1. a = 4,5 \text{ м}, \quad b = 6,6 \text{ м}, \quad h = 3,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.2. a = 4,8 \text{ м}, \quad b = 7,2 \text{ м}, \quad h = 3,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.3. a = 5,1 \text{ м}, \quad b = 7,8 \text{ м}, \quad h = 3,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.4. a = 5,4 \text{ м}, \quad b = 8,4 \text{ м}, \quad h = 3,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.5. a = 5,7 \text{ м}, \quad b = 9,0 \text{ м}, \quad h = 4,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.6. a = 6,0 \text{ м}, \quad b = 9,6 \text{ м}, \quad h = 4,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.7. a = 6,3 \text{ м}, \quad b = 10,2 \text{ м}, \quad h = 4,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.8.$$

$$a = 6,6 \text{ м}, \quad b = 10,8 \text{ м}, \quad h = 4,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.9. a = 6,9 \text{ м}, \quad b = 11,4 \text{ м}, \quad h = 5,0 \text{ м}.$$

$$22.10.$$

$$a = 7,2 \text{ м}, \quad b = 12,0 \text{ м}, \quad h = 5,0 \text{ м}.$$

Варианты 11–20

Определить работу (в джоулях), совершаемую при подъеме спутника с поверхности Земли на высоту H км. Масса спутника равна m т, радиус Земли $R_3 = 6380$ км. Ускорение свободного падения g у поверхности Земли положить равным 10 м/с^2 .

$$22.11. m = 7,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 200 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.12. m = 7,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 250 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.13. m = 6,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 300 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.14. m = 6,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 350 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.15. m = 5,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 400 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.16. m = 5,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 450 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.17. m = 4,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 500 \text{ км}.$$

$$22.18. m = 4,0 \text{ т}, \quad H = 550 \text{ км}.$$

22.19. $m = 3,0$ т, $H = 600$ км.

22.20. $m = 3,0$ т, $H = 650$ км.

Варианты 21–31

Цилиндр наполнен газом под атмосферным давлением (103,3 кПа). Считая газ идеальным, определить работу (в джоулях) при изотермическом сжатии газа поршнем, переместившимся внутрь цилиндра на h м (рис. 3).

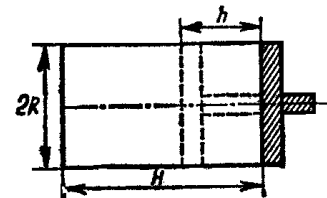


Рис. 3

У к а з а н и е. Уравнение состояния газа $pV = \text{const}$, где p – давление, V – объем.

22.21. $H = 0,4$ м, $h = 0,35$ м, $R = 0,1$ м. 22.22.

$H = 0,4$ м, $h = 0,3$ м, $R = 0,1$ м.

22.23. $H = 0,4$ м, $h = 0,2$ м, $R = 0,1$ м. 22.24.

$H = 0,8$ м, $h = 0,7$ м, $R = 0,2$ м.

22.25. $H = 0,8$ м, $h = 0,6$ м, $R = 0,2$ м. 22.26.

$H = 0,8$ м, $h = 0,4$ м, $R = 0,2$ м.

22.27. $H = 1,6$ м, $h = 1,4$ м, $R = 0,3$ м. 22.28.

$H = 1,6$ м, $h = 1,2$ м, $R = 0,3$ м.

22.29. $H = 1,6$ м, $h = 0,8$ м, $R = 0,3$ м. 22.30.

$H = 2,0$ м, $h = 1,5$ м, $R = 0,4$ м.

22.31. $H = 2,0$ м, $h = 1,0$ м, $R = 0,4$ м.

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